

SAFETY DATA SHEET

ABRASIVES

1. Identification

Product identifier Mineral Oil

Other means of identification

Catalog number

Chemical name

n/f

Recommendeduse

Specified quality tests and assay use only.

Recommended restrictions

Not for use as a drug. Not for administration to humans or animals.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name

Saint-Gobain Abrasives 1New Bond Street

Address

Worcester, MA 01615

Telephone

(800) 551-4413

Website E-mail

Emergency phone number

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards

Not classified.

Health hazards

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Category 2A Category 1

Aspiration hazard

OSHA hazard(s)

Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

Causes serious eye irritation. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wear eye/face protection.

Response

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If swallowed:

Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

Not classified.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Hazardous components

 Chemical name
 Common name and synonyms
 CAS number
 %

 Mineral Oil
 8012-95-1
 100

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

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Eve contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists

Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis.

Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and

delayed

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment of laxative-emollient overdose should be symptomatic and supportive and may include the following

1. Do NOT induce vomiting.

2. Do NOT administer activated charcoal, unless there is a coingestant with potentially serious side effects.

3. Do NOT administer a cathartic.

4. For excessive diarrhea, treat with high fluid intake and monitoring of fluid and electrolyte status. [Meditext 2007)

General information

Remove from exposure. Remove contaminated clothing. For treatment advice, seek guidance from an occupational health physician or other licensed health-care provider familiar with workplace chemical exposures. In the United States, the national poison control center phone number is 1-800-222-1222. If person is not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if available. Persons developing serious hypersensitivity (anaphylactic) reactions must receive immediate medical attention.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

media

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (C02).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

Wear suitable protective equipment.

Tymo

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away . Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation . Avoid inhalation of vapors . Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Absorb spillage with suitable absorbent material. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

As a general rule, when handling USP Reference Standards, avoid all contact and inhalation of dust, mists, and/or vapors associated with the material. Clean equipment and work surfaces with suitable detergent or solvent after use. After removing gloves, wash hands and other exposed skin thoroughly

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in tight container as defined in the USP-NF. This material should be handled and stored per label instructions to ensure product integrity.

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Material

US. OSHA Table Z-1Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Mineral Oil (CAS PEL 5 mg/m3 Mist. 8012-95-1) US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards Material Type Value Form Mineral Oil (CAS REL 5 mg/m3 Mist. 8012-95-1) STEL 10 mg/m3 Mist. US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Material Type Value Form	
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STEL 10 mg/m3 Mist. US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	
Material Type Value Form	
Mineral Oil (CAS TWA 5 mg/m3 Inhalable fraction 8012-95-1)	n.
ological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).	

Form

Appropriate engineering controls

Airborne exposure should be controlled primarily by engineering controls such as general dilution ventilation, local exhaust ventilation, or process enclosure. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred to general exhaust because it can control the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion into the work area. An industrial hygiene survey involving air monitoring may be used to determine the effectiveness of engineering controls. Effectiveness of engineering controls intended for use with highly potent materials should be assessed by use of nontoxic surrogate materials

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Safety glasses with sideshields are recommended. Face shields or goggles may be required if splash potential exists or if corrosive materials are present. Approved eye protection (e.g., bearing the ANSI Z87 or CSA stamp) is preferred. Maintain eyewash facilities in the work area.

Skin protection

Hand protection

Chemically compatible gloves. For handling solutions, ensure that the glove material is protective against the solvent being used. Use handling practices that minimize direct hand contact. Employees who are sensitive to natural rubber (latex) should use nitrile or other synthetic nonlatex gloves. Use of powdered latex gloves should be avoided due to the risk of latex allergy.

Other

For handling of laboratory scale quantities, a cloth lab coat is recommended. Where significant quantities are handled, work clothing may be necessary to prevent take-home contamination.

Respiratory protection

Where respirators are deemed necessary to reduce or control occupational exposures, use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection and have an effective respirator program in place (applicable U.S. regulation OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134).

Thermal hazards

General hygiene considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear, colorless liquid.

Physical state

Liquid.

Form

Liquid.

Odor

Not available.

Odor threshold

Not available

рН

Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

Not available

Initial boiling point and boiling

424.4- 1189.4 °F (218 - 643 °C)

range

Flashpoint

275.00 oF (135.00 oC) Closed Cup

380.00 oF (193.33 °C) Open Cup

> 239.00 OF (> 115.00 °C} (OC) [ASTM 092]

Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit-lower

Not available.

(%)

Flammability limit-upper

Not available.

Explosive limit - lower(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - upper(%)

Not available

Vapor pressure

Not available.

Vapor density

Not available.

Relative density

Not available. Insoluble.

Solubility in water Partition coefficient

>6

(n-octanolfwater)

500 oF (260 °C)

Auto -ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

Not available.

Viscosity

Not available.

Other information

Heat of combustion (NFPA

31.5 kJfg

308)

Kinematic viscosity >= 38.1 mm2fs

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0.845 - 0.905

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Strong oxidizing agents.

Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

Stable at normal conditions. No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

reactions

Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point.

Conditions to avoid Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Irritating and/or toxic fumes or gases. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin contact

Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics Nausea. Vomiting. Diarrhea. Laxative effects.

Medical conditions aggravated

by exposure

Hypersensitivity to material. Appendicitis. Intestinal problems. Ulcerative colitis. Rectal bleeding.

Acute toxicity

Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Local effects

100 mg Skin irritancy test Result: Mild.

Species: Guinea pig Test Duration: 24 hours 100 mg Skin irritancy test

Result: Mild. Species: Rabbit Test Duration: 24 hours 500 mg Eye irritancy test Result: Moderate. Species: Rabbit

Respiratory sensitization

Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Skin sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Due to lack of data the classification is not possible. Data from germ cell mutagenicity tests were not found

Mutagenicity

Mutagenicity test in S. typhimurium, administered using

highly refined mineral oil

Result: Negative.

Sister chromatid exchange test in hamsters

Result: Negative.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

This material is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.

0-5% Dietary carcinogenicity study, using medicinal-grade

petroleum and liquid paraffin

Result: No significant increase in tumor incidence.

Species: Rat

Test Duration: 104 weeks

Carcinogenicity study of skin, utilizing application of highly

refined, food-grade mineral oils

Result: No skin tumors.

Species: Mouse

Carcinogenicity study, subcutaneous administration of three

different grades of medicinal petroleum

Result: No tumors induced.

Species: Mouse

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Carcinogenicity study, using intraperitoneal injection of two food-

grade mineral oils

Result Induced plasma-cell neoplasms and reticulum-cell

sarcomas in certain strains of mice.

Species: Mouse

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hypothrombinemia and hemorrhagic disease of the newborn have occurred following chronic use

of mineral oil during pregnancy.

Specific target organ toxicity •

single exposure

Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Specific target organ toxicity •

repeated exposure

Due to lack of data the classification is not possible.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Product Species Test Results

Mineral Oil (CAS 8012-95-1)

Aquatic

Fish

LC50

Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

> 10000 mg/1, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential Mobility in soil Not available.

Other adverse effects

Not available

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the

user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria

for hazardous waste.

Local disposal regulations

Hazardous waste code

Waste from residues / unused products

Not available.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.

IATA

Not regulated as a dangerous good.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No information available.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

CERCLAISARA Hazardous Substances - Not applicable.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard -Yes Delayed Hazard -Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

No

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

No

chemical

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Other federal regulations

Safe Drinking Water Act

(SDWA)

Not regulated.

Food and Drug

Administration (FDA)

Not regulated.

US state regulations

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory *A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

02

Issue date 03-23-2007 Revision date 07-11-2014

Version#

Further information

United States & Puerto Rico

Not available Disclaimer

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Revision Information

This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

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Yes